

How to prepare for disasters

You may not be able to prevent disasters from occurring, but you can limit them by making the right preparations. Think about what you can do.

- <Things to Check>
- Know where to evacuate. (Around your home, on the way to university and around the university etc.)
- Know the route to get home and how long it will take. (People walk about 2.5 km/h on foot during disasters.)
- Confirmation of specific information collection methods Discuss how to keep in touch with your family and how
- to meet up. Check and registration of disaster message board service.
- (E-mail address registration is required in advance.) Know and prepare lists of contacts, i.e. university, friends.
- <Things to Prepare >
- Emergency kits
- Use the checklist to choose essentials based on your and your family's needs.
- Pack items in a backpack to keep hands free
- Keep it lightweight and compact for
- easy evacuation.
- Check contents regularly.
- Emergency Personal Memo
- Write down your name contact details and medical conditions.



See reverse for what to do after an earthquake.



Emergency kits Checklist

Valuables	Useful Items	
	Food and Drinks	☐ Bandages ☐ Change of clothes



If you find an injured person on campus:

- 1 Ensure your own safety
- 2. Immediately contact the "Campus Emergency Contact."
- 3 Administer first aid with assistance from those nearby.

If you discover a fire on campus:

- 1. Shout "Fire!" to alert those around you.
- 2 Attempt initial firefighting within a safe range, with help from others.
- 3. If extinguishing the fire is difficult, leave the area immediately.
- 4. Press the nearest fire alarm button.
- 5 Evacuate to the outside of the building, staying away from the fire. Do not use elevators: use the stairs.
- 6 Promptly contact the "Campus Emergency Contact."

Campus Emergency Contact

- Tobata Campus (West Gate Security office): 093-884-3033
- lizuka Campus (Security office): 0948-29-7516
- Wakamatsu Campus (Security office): 093-695-6018 Note: Except in emergencies, calls to 119 should be made by faculty, staff, or security personnel.

Information to Provide When Contacting **Emergency Services or 119**

- (i) Incident type (fire or medical emergency).
- (2) location (building name or nearby landmark)
- 3) Situation (what happened or who is affected).
- (4) Condition (what is burning or the nature of the injury).
- (5)Your name and contact information
- Note: Do not hang up until instructed to do so by the operator





SAFETY GUIDE

This pocket guide is also available on our university website:

https://www.kvutech.ac.ip/campuslife/iishin_manual.html

However, please note that during disasters, your mobile phone may run out of battery.

wallet.

Name

We recommend keeping this guide with you at all times, such as in your





How to confirm safety with family

If you want to contact your family members outside Japan, use telephone, email, or the Internet to contact them directly. You can also ask kyutech or friends in other areas of Japan to forward your messages to your family members.

NTT Disaster Message Exchange Dial

This is a service that is available in the event of a disaster, such as earthquakes, when it is difficult to get a connection on phone due to an increase in number of users. Unavailable from outside Japan.



For details on the service and how to use it, please refer

to the NTT homepage. For other services provided by mobile phone carriers, please refer to their homepages.

Keep your message short and simple! ①Name ②Current location ③Who you are with ④Your safety status ⑤Next scheduled update

You need to register in advance! (Please test the service after registration)

☐ Emergency food

☐ Drinking water

Disaster Message Exchange of Cell Phone Companies

Towels

Sanitary products

These are services for confirming safety (register safety information) from cell phones in the event

There are also functions for sending emails to specified family members and acquaintances, notifying that you have registered for the disaster message exchange. You can also check the safety of someone on the Internet.

OR codes for each company http://dengon.docomo.ne.jp/top.cgi http://dengon.ezweb.ne.jp/ Softbank Y!mobile http://dengon.softbank.ne.jp/

https://public-safety.mobile.rakuten.co.jp/?lang=ja

How to notify the university of your safety

When things calm down. let the university know you are safe.

In the case of a major earthquake (seismic intensity of 5 or over) occurring in Fukuoka Prefecture, the university will confirm the safety of its students. Please report your status via the notification sent through LiveCampusU.

If you do not receive a notification from LiveCampusU, please send a safety confirmation via email or postcard as soon as you are able to make contact. Please refrain from reporting via phone or fax.

Contact by email, etc. Students of Tobata Campus

koh-gakusei@jimu.kyutech.ac.jp

(School of Engineering Student Section, 1-1 Sensui-cho. Tobata-ku, Kitakyushu-shi 〒804-8550)

Students of lizuka Campus

iho-gakusei@iimu.kvutech.ac.ip (School of Computer Science and Systems Engineering Student Section, 680-4 Kawazu, Iizuka-shi 〒820-8502)

Students of Wakamatsu Campus

sei-gakusei@jimu.kyutech.ac.jp (Graduate School of Life Science and Systems Engineering Student Section.

2-4 Hibikino, Wakamatsu-ku, Kitakvushu-shi = 808-0196)

What to include in the email

①Subject (Safety confirmation) ②Name ③Student number 4 Situation of yourself and family members 5 Situation of home or evacuation site ®Address of evacuation site, if applicable 7 Other (troubles, etc.)

Emergency Personal Memo

Student No.

			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • •		
School			Dept			
Address						
			Emergency	• • • • • • • •		
TEL			TEL relationship ()	
			relationship (
Date of Bir	th		Blood type	Rh ()	
Chronic	Yes	(````	
	No	(
Necessary	Yes	()	
medicine:	No	`				
Allarana	Yes	()	
Allergy:	No					
Emergency site						
near my home						
Where to meet						
with family members (share with family)						
(snare with family	y) 					

Earthquake Protect yourself



the universi

- Be aware of your surroundings and ensure vour safety first
- Move away from windows and shelves.
- Protect your head and limbs by taking cover under a desk or covering your head with a hag
- If possible, open a door to secure an exit.
- If there are dangerous objects nearby during practical training or extracurricular activities, leave the area immediately.
- If you are in an open area, such as a plaza or field with no falling hazards sit down and wait until the earthquake stops.
- Ensure safety and wait for the earthquake to end



YES Do not move from there

NO

Evacuate to a safe place

- Stay calm and be prepared for aftershocks.
- Stay still and observe your surroundings unless there is a risk of falling or collapsing objects.
- If you judge it to be unsafe, evacuate to a secure location. Evacuation sites should be wide, open areas with no risk of fire spreading.
- At the university, the designated evacuation site is the
- During evacuation, follow the rule: Do not push, do not calmly.
- Do not use elevators during evacuation:
- If there is a fire, cover your mouth with a towel or cloth to avoid inhaling smoke.
- Attempt initial firefighting within the limits of your safety and with the cooperation of others. If extinguishing the fire is impossible, leave the area immediately.
- If there are injured people: Provide first aid within the limits of your safety and seek help from others, then inform university staff.



- Be aware of your surroundings and ensure vour safety first.
- Move away from walls, utility poles, and vending machines, and watch for falling obiects.
- On trains or buses, follow the instructions of the crew. At stations, follow the directions of station staff.
- In elevators, press all the buttons and evacuate at the nearest floor after assessing the situation.
- Ensure safety and wait for the earthquake to end
- Be aware of your surroundings and ensure your safety first.
- Protect yourself from falling furniture and objects, and move away from glass windows.
- Hide under a desk to protect your head and limbs.
- If possible, open a door to secure an exit.
- Ensure safety and wait for the earthquake to end.

- ground, but move to a safer location if necessary.
- run do not talk and do not return. Follow instructions from staff or emergency broadcasts and evacuate
- use the stairs.
- If there are any fires:
- Stay calm and be prepared for aftershocks. Move to the evacuation site agreed upon with your
- family in advance. However, prioritize safety and choose an alternative site if necessary based on the situation.
- Follow instructions from police, fire departments, and other authorities during evacuation.
- Avoid using cars for evacuation, as they can cause traffic iams and hinder emergency vehicles. Evacuate on foot
- Do not use elevators during evacuation; use the stairs.
- If a fire occurs, cover your mouth with a towel or similar item to avoid inhaling smoke.
- Stay calm and be prepared for aftershocks/
- Move to the evacuation site agreed upon with your family in advance.
- Before leaving your home, leave a note, turn off the gas main valve, and, if there is a power outage, switch off the circuit breaker before evacuating.
- Follow instructions from police, fire departments, and other authorities during evacuation.
- Avoid using cars for evacuation, as they can cause traffic jams and hinder emergency vehicles. Evacuate on foot
- Do not use elevators during evacuation; use the stairs.
- If a fire occurs, cover your mouth with a towel or similar item to avoid inhaling smoke.



you khome





Go home or stay at the evacuation site?

- Once aftershocks subside, wait for instructions from the university or authorities before deciding whether to return home. If public transportation is not operating, you may need to walk home. The recommended distance limit is 20 km.
- Walking speed during a disaster is approximately 2.5 km/h, meaning it
- would take about 8 hours to cover 20 km. If your home is farther than 20 km, it is safer to stay at the evacuation site.
- When many people go home at the same time, congestion occurs in various places, so it is important to have plenty of time.
- Avoid traveling after sunset, as it can be dangerous. Walking alone at night increases the risk of crime, so avoid solo actions.

		(reference				
Date		Sunset				
March 20	6:22 AM	6:30 PM				
June 20	5:08 AM	7:32 PM				
Sep 20	6:05 AM	6:18 PM				
Dec 20	7:18 AM	5:14 PM				
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How to collect information during disasters

Do not be misled by information on the Internet or SNS, and collect accurate information from the following sites, radio and television.

< Disaster Prevention Information >

Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism http://www.mlit.go.jp/saigai/bosaijoho/

Fukuoka Prefecture

https://www.bousai.pref.fukuoka.jp/

Kitakvushu Citv

https://www.city.kitakyushu.lg.jp/contents/13801050.html

Iizuka Citv

https://www.city.iizuka.lq.jp/bosai/bosai/index.html

Download in Advance!

Fukuoka Prefecture Disaster Prevention App: "Fukuoka Disaster Prevention Navi - Mamoru-kun"

Easily access weather and evacuation information for your current location and registered municipalities in Fukuoka Prefecture.

https://www.bousai.pref.fukuoka.ip/lp/app_mamorukun/

